



LTS THE UNIVERSITY OF LEICESTER

A tool for monitoring woody biomass in woodland ecosystems

Background

- Changes in forest cover and woodland structure are affecting the carbon cycle and the global climate.
- Changes in forest structure (small scale disturbances, forest degradation, selective logging) increase woody biomass and carbon storage in the forest.

Benefits

- Improved understanding of the carbon cycle in woodland ecosystems.
- Improved understanding of the impact of forest structure on carbon storage.
- Improved understanding of the impact of forest structure on biodiversity.

Processing Data

For more information, please contact: [Name], [Email], [Phone]